

HIGHLAND RECORDER

TERMS, \$1.00 A YEAR IN ADVANCE

Entered every Friday morning by
H. B. WOOD,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER

Entered at the Monterey postoffice as
second-class matter

Monterey, Va., Friday, Dec. 13, 1912

President-elect Woodrow Wilson has notified the Staunton people that he will be there for the celebration on the 28th, that being his birth-day. The word came in a letter to Mayor Wayt in answer to a cablegram sent Governor Wilson several days before. The Valley city is planning to do itself proud on that day and committees are busy.

Out West, not long ago, a wife who had sued for divorce met her irate husband who agreed that, if she would kiss him good-bye he would "go way back and sit down" in some far away place and never return. She consented, and proceeded to pass it over. Instead of kissing her he snapped the end of her nose off with his teeth. The report goes no further, but, presumably, the next thing he did was to spit it out. His object was to disgrace her so that there would never be any more divorce cases.

Richard Mauzy died in the home of his daughter, Mrs. W. R. Bader at McGeheysville, on Monday at midnight, following a long illness. For years Mr. Mauzy was one of the leading lights of Virginia journalism. When owned and edited by him the old Staunton Spectator became a distinguished place with the best newspapers of the State. He was known and esteemed not only in the Valley where he spent practically his whole life, but also in other parts of Virginia and in West Virginia.

Famous Stage Beauties

look with horror on skin eruptions, blotches, sores or pimples. They don't have them. For all such troubles use Bucklen's Arnica Salve. It glorifies the face. Excellent for Eczema or salt rheum, it cures sore lips; chapped hands, chilblains; heals burns, cuts and bruises. Unsurpassed for piles. 25c at all druggists.

Parcel Post Stamps

Distinctive stamps will have to be used in the parcels post service which will be inaugurated the first of the year. Where ordinary stamps are used, the package will be held for additional postage. There may be sound reasons for this arrangement, though it seems as if this special stamp requirement will increase the confusion which is bound to exist until the public has become familiar with the rates to the different zones.

The parcels post is an experiment with us. It will take time to make the service efficient. With experience, many improvements will suggest themselves. Conditions which now seem necessary may later on be amended or even eliminated. The removal of arbitrary obstacles that impede the patronage of the service or inconvenience patrons will come about if the parcels post is to develop into a public utility. Since ordinary postage of proper value is now accepted in special delivery mail it may reasonably be expected that the same option eventually will be allowed for parcel postage.—Washington Herald

Public Sale

On Dec. 14, 1912, I will sell at public auction at my place in Crab-bottom, the following personal property: 3 good brood mares, 2 yearling colts; 2 suckling colts, 3 cows, 3 yearling cattle, 60 sheep, 1 old buggy, 1 set double buggy harness, 1 set team harness, 1 saddle, 1 horsepower tedder, new Oliver Chilled plow and other farm implements; a lot of wheat, buckwheat, oats and corn, 38 bu. potatoes, some apples, a lot of canned fruit, 1 range stove, 3 heating stoves, bed-room suit, bedsteads, tables, bureau, carpet, telephone, 14 stacks of hay and other things not mentioned.

If not rented before, will rent my home place on same day. Terms made known on day of sale.

C. L. WAGGONER.

The Thrice-a-Week Edition of the New York World.

The great political campaigns are now at hand, and you want the news accurately and promptly. The World long since established a record for impartiality, and anybody can afford its Thrice-a-Week edition, which comes every other day in the week, except Sunday. It will be of particular value to you now. The Thrice-a-Week World also abounds in other strong features, serial stories, humor, markets, cartoons; in fact, everything that is to be found in a first-class daily.

The Thrice-a-Week World's regular subscription price is only \$1.00 per year, and this pays for 156 papers. We offer this unequalled newspaper and the HIGHLAND RECORDER together for one year for \$1.70.

The regular subscription price of the two papers is \$2.00

FOLEY-KIDNEY PILLS
FOR RHEUMATISM, GRAVEL AND BLADDER

From McDowell.

Dec. 9, 1912

J. M. Ralston is going to move his saw mill to G. W. Armstrong's and J. E. Botkin's soon. The latter is going to build this spring.

Mrs. E. A. Hammer has moved back to her father's. We are glad to see her looking much better.

Mrs. W. E. Ervine was shopping in town Saturday.

Many children have had colds and sore throats.

The school at Seldom Seen is getting along nicely. Miss Margie Bryon is the teacher.

Henry Ervine and wife were the guests of J. E. Botkin and W. E. Ervine Sunday last.

Bolser Pullin is very sick at this writing.

J. E. Botkin went to Monterey on business Monday.

W. A. Malcom and Oscar Siron will be in for Xmas. Their relatives and friends will be glad to see them.

W. S. Botkin is at home from Illinois.

Mrs. J. E. Botkin was very sick but is better at this time.

We would like to hear from some of our Western friends.

Merry Xmas and a Happy New Year to all.
A. B. C.

COWPEA BETWEEN CORN ROW

Practice is Recommended Because of Value of Plant for Improving Soil and Feeding.

There are thousands of farms where cowpeas will be planted between the rows of corn. This practice is recommended because experience has shown the value of the cowpea, both as a means of improving the soil in humus and nitrogen, and for feeding the animals, either as grazing or for the vines as hay.

Those who planted their corn in wide rows, allowing plenty of space between the rows for the cowpeas are fortunate. This practice has been tried and found advisable, especially on thin, sandy soil. It is the best method for corn as well as the peas, makes cultivation easy and leaves the land in good condition for future crops.

It is generally advisable to plant the peas in rows, although some broadcast between the rows. Our experience favors planting in rows and cultivating both corn and peas one time at least, before the corn is laid by. Much depends upon giving the peas a good start while young, and as the corn plants make the struggle for plant food and moisture keen at this time, cultivation of the peas is advisable. If the peas are given a start, so that they can get food and moisture, until the corn plants are mature, then a good crop of peas is almost assured, for the peas thrive in hot weather, and will continue to grow and put on pods until fall.

Where the corn rows are narrow it is a difficult matter to cultivate the corn after the cowpeas germinate. And likewise there is less chance for the peas to get a chance, because of the extensive and exacting feeding roots of the corn and the dense shade of the plants. The best plan is to have wide rows and to get the benefits of space for both corn and peas.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Keep the pigs and sheep out of the calf pasture.

Begin now to get the cows in shape for the winter months.

Don't let the colts run out in the cold rain. Put them up.

Calloused hands are much to be preferred to calloused hearts.

Never breed an unsound horse. Remember that "like begets like."

Horses get thirsty between meals, just the same as men folks do.

Train all the horses so they will be safe when meeting automobiles.

The sheep-killing dog is a serious drawback to the sheep breeding industry.

Select seed ears that are the earliest to mature and from stalks that stand up well.

Cut the water sprouts off of fruit and shade trees. They are a nuisance and unsightly.

Keep the sheep out of the fall rains. If you don't, look out for cough all winter.

Water horses as often as possible; a little at a time is better than excess at long intervals.

Many a farmer has gone broke on trotting-horses. Let the other fellow raise that kind of stuff.

It is often best to apply a fine coating of manure on alfalfa in the late fall to protect plants.

The rooting of the manure by pigs does not add anything to its value, but it may prevent excessive fermentation.

Fine-wooled ewes crossed with one of the mutton breeds will make a sheep possessing both wool and mutton qualities.

Hogs like the warm sunshine, but they do not like to be baked before their time. Get up some kind of a shelter for them.

A case of bad moulting in nearly every case can be traced to too close confinement, poor food or some constitutional weakness.

You may not care to make commercial fruit growing your chief business but a farm fruit plot will please the family just the same.

Study the separator. It's a money maker and a time saver. Get the catalogues. Milk will separate better when first drawn from the cow, before it has time to cool.

Foils a Foul Plot

SURFACE DRAINAGE OF ROADS

Crown Should Be Sufficient to Shed Water Readily and Allow Vehicles to Pass Easily.

(By PROF. J. R. DAVIDSON, Iowa Agricultural College.)

All roads should be provided with surface drainage. The cross-section should be of such a shape as to shed all rain at once to the side ditches. To do this the road must be oval or have a crown and must be smooth. The first of these is a matter of construction, and the latter a matter of maintenance. The side drainage system should be called upon to carry as much water as possible. Water cannot be carried away by the tile drains until the water has sunk through the soil and softened it.

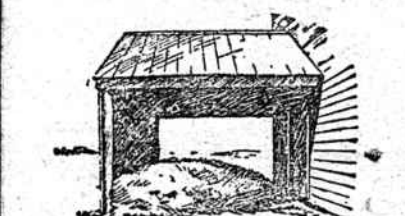
The crown of a road should be sufficient to shed the water readily. If the road is to be maintained and kept free from ruts and holes, less crown will do than if the road is to be neglected. The Iowa highway commission recommended a slope 1 inch to 1 foot for a crown in the traveled way. This is sufficient for most conditions. The crown should not be too great. A steep crown causes the travel to be concentrated at the center, where ruts will be worn and washing result. Again there is some difficulty in vehicles passing. On the side of the crown the wheels of the vehicles have a tendency to grind the road down. The top of the wheels are nearer the gutter than the bottom. The top of the wheels is nearer the gutter. This action, together with the swerving or flow action of the lower part of the wheel, has a very marked effect.

The steeper the slope of the road the more important the crown, for there is a tendency for the water to run down the track rather than to the side. If water once begins to run down the center of the roadway it is but a short time until the road is gullied out.

MAKES A GOOD MANURE SHED

Thousands of Dollars Worth of Valuable Fertilizer Lost Annually for Want of Shelter.

A shed may easily be built at one end of the barn for the gathering and protection of manure against the weather. The shed should cover a door at the end of the alley behind the stalls, and the floor of the barn so arranged with a drop that all manure, both liquid and solid, is caught and easily moved towards the door and this shed. If the fields are dry enough the manure spreader may be driven under the shed and loaded directly from the barn door. If the fields are too wet for use of the spreader then the manure may be piled under the shed where it will be protected from rain and consequent waste. The only thing that could be



Good Manure Shed.

added to this shed to make it perfect for its use would be a concrete flooring with a cistern into which all the liquid manure could drain. In the absence of this use straw for bedding whenever possible as this will serve to absorb practically all of the liquid part of the manure.

A Kansas farmer reports that the alfalfa which he uses for bedding and which is made of the tops and bottoms of stacks will absorb the liquid manure as well as will the oat straw. Taken in the aggregate, there can be no question that thousands of dollars' worth of valuable fertilizer is wasted each year through loss of liquid manure and through the leaching of manure piles that are stored in the barn yards without shelter. The question of the best method in which to preserve the liquid manure is well worthy of study.

The Agricultural college at Manhattan, Kansas, has its large barn yard paved with stone which drains to a central cistern where all the liquid manure is collected and later pumped out for distribution on the grass and other crops.

Good Roads & Farm Notes

Go to the fairs.

Silage may be fed from the silo as soon as it is filled.

No one should live in the world who has nothing to do in it.

Your store of honey, if well ripened, will keep all winter without candy-lin.

Give some thought and care as to how you are going to winter your bees.

Better keep one good hen than three that you have your doubts about.

The potato grower is often handicapped by having no local market and no local buyer.

Save steps by doing all the work that lies in any particular part of the farm, while there.

Remember that flax chaff makes a good substitute for sawdust when ice-cutting time comes.

Put in the relay days fixing out-buildings. A coat of paint will improve things wonderfully.

Sorghum should be cut when the seed begins to harden and the lower leaves start to turn yellow.

California Woman Seriously Alarmed

"A short time ago I contracted a severe cold which settled on my lungs and caused me a great deal of annoyance. I would have bad coughing spells and my lungs were sore and inflamed. I began to be seriously alarmed. A friend recommended Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, saying she had used it for years. I bought a bottle and it relieved my cough the first night, and in a week I was rid of the cold and soreness of my lungs," writes Miss Marie Gerber, Sausalito, Cal. For sale by all dealers.—Advertisement.

Our stock of Christmas goods will be displayed by Dec. 10. Do not purchase until you look over our stock. H. M. Slaven, Jeweler.

ROAD and FARM IMPROVEMENT



HARMFUL POTATO EEL-WORM

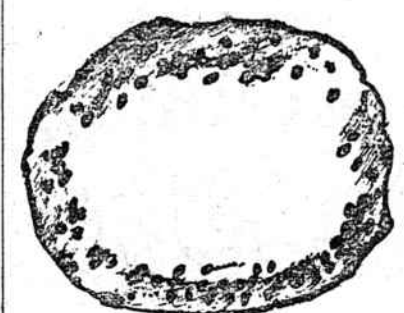
Rejection of Several Carloads of Tubers Cause for Considerable Worry Among Growers.

(By S. B. DOTEN.)

The rejection of several carloads of potatoes on account of the presence of the potato eel-worm is cause for considerable concern among growers in some of the western states.

The surface of a badly diseased potato is more or less wrinkled and dotted with circular or oval pimples somewhat smaller than a pinhead, or with more irregular and larger nodules. The nodules are of a grayish or brownish color, more or less depressed in the center, and sometimes surrounded by a slight furrow.

If a portion of the pulpy center of one of the burrows is scraped out and examined with the microscope, it will be found to contain numerous eggs, larvae, young and adult worms. The



Potato Damaged by Eel-Worm.

adults are at most one twenty-fifth of an inch long. The potato cells have broken walls and the starch grains are fewer in number than in healthy tissue and those present are of smaller size.

The disease is spread by planting infested seed potatoes. It is not definitely known to what extent the worms may live and multiply in the soil itself or how long a soil may remain infested. The important point can be settled only by careful observation and experiment.

Only a few carloads of potatoes were rejected, so that it does not appear that the disease is as yet widespread. The efforts of some dishonest shippers to dispose of potatoes known to be diseased, either for food or seed, should be guarded against by every grower, shipper and all who deal in potatoes, making themselves familiar with the appearance of the disease, and combining in an honest effort to stamp it out. Some sort of inspection service should be immediately established in the sections where potatoes are grown for shipment purposes. Care should be exercised in the purchase of seed potatoes, to insure that the disease is not introduced into regions as yet free from it. It will probably be necessary to quarantine against infected localities, in case the disease becomes widespread.

How to free infected soil from the parasite is a question which the knowledge at present at our command will not permit us to answer satisfactorily. The best advice for the present, it seems to us, is to plant infected fields with some other kind of crop, preferably grain or alfalfa rather than a root crop, such as sugar beets, which might be attacked by the same pest.

Why is not a good feed for calves and can be used only in a limited way.

Look out for those cold fall rains. put the cows up. This applies to calves as well.

Lighting, ventilation and cleanliness must be practiced before best results can be secured in the dairy.

Danish experiments show that 600 pounds of skim-milk equal in feeding value 100 pounds of corn meal.

No breed of dairy cows can continue as first-class dairy animals if the calves are allowed to run with the cows.

Calves from four to six months old frequently bloat if allowed to run on young green clover, especially if the clover is wet.

Cows in good condition and running in a good pasture require no grain feed to put them in good condition for the winter's work.

Abolish the stanchions; they have been responsible for many injured udders. When the cow is confined in the stall she needs solid comfort.

The few flies that have managed to keep their feet warm are very annoying. They stick like a burr to a dog's tail and bite with dying ferocity during the heat of the day.

Stanchions are all right for the dairy calf when it is being fed. The rest of the time it should be given liberty, where the ventilation is good and sunshine is prevalent.

Correct—Attest:

Chas. P. Jones
Byrd Stephenson
V. B. Bishop
State of Virginia
County of Highland

Sworn to and subscribed before me by C. C. Hansel, cashier this 26 day of Nov. 1912.

Edwin B. Jones, N. P.
My commission expires Aug. 27, 1914



OUR RAYO DRIVING LAMP is the most compact and efficient lighting device for all kinds of vehicles.

Will not blow out or jar out. Equipped with thumb screws, so that it is easily attached or detached. Throws a clear light 200 feet ahead. Extra large red danger signal in back.

It is equipped with handle, and when detached makes a good hand lantern. Strong. Durable. Will last for years.

At Dealers Everywhere
STANDARD OIL COMPANY
(Incorporated in New Jersey)

Newark, N. J. Baltimore, Md.

ECONOMY IN THE BEST FEED

Nothing Gained by Purchasing Supplies for the Poultry Because They Are Called Cheap.

(By A. G. SYMONDS.)

No matter what food is given the fowls be sure it is the very best that can be procured. It does not pay to buy poor grain or poultry food of any kind. Some people think it is economical to buy poultry supplies because they are cheap.

The best is none too good, is a rule as applicable here as anywhere else. Only the very best grains should be sanctioned. Only the choicest brand of beef scraps, fine cut clover, alfalfa, and other foods of this sort should be used. There is nothing that will repay one better for good care and food given them than a flock of hens. See to it then that in the matter of foods given them only the best be procured and only the best be fed.

No. 9043

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF HIGHLAND, at Monterey in the State of Virginia, at the close of business, Nov. 26, 1912.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	216,955 70
Overdrafts, unsecured	4,887 13
U. S. Bonds to secure cir.	25,000 00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	508 75
Stocks, securities, etc.	
Furniture and Fixtures	6,850 00
Due from National Banks	1,934 13
Due from State and Private B'ks and Bankers, Trust Co's, etc.	
Due from app'd Re agents	1,078 91
Checks and other cash items	1 00
Notes of other Nat Banks	180 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	192 89
Lawful money reserve in bk. viz: Specie	8,958 30
Legal tender notes	6,210 00
Red'n fund with U. S. Treas.	15,168 30
5 per ct of circulation	1,250 00
Due from U. S. Treasurer	
Total	\$274,006 91

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in	25,000 00
Surplus fund	15,000 00
Undivided profits, less amount pd. for int. exp's and taxes	3,198 50
Nat Bk notes outstanding	24,560 00
Due to other Nat B'ks	
Due State and priv B'ks and B'ks	293 67
Due Trust Co etc	
Dividends unpaid	
Due to govt Reserve agents	665 37
Individual depts subj. to ck.	112,010 94
Time certificates of deposit	93,167 06
Notes and bills rediscounted	
Cashier's checks outstanding	121 27
Total	\$274,006 91

State of Virginia,
County of Highland, ss:

I, Clifton Matheny, cashier, of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Clifton Matheny, Cashier
Correct—Attest:
E. A. Wade
Lloyd Sullenberger } Directors.
H. C. Lunsford

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 27 day of Dec. 1912.
C. W. Watts, Notary Public.
My commission expires May 2, 1916.

Statement of the Financial Condition

of THE CITIZENS' BANK OF HIGHLAND, Incorporated, located at Monterey, in the State of Virginia, at the close of business, Nov. 26, 1912, made to the State Corporation Commission.

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts	97,512 25
Overdrafts unsecured	394 11
Furniture and fixtures	1,000 00
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	
Other cash items	
Due from Nat. Banks (not reserve agents)	31,186 51
Paper currency	1,815 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	23 82
Gold coin	630 00
Silver coin	211 75
Total	144,773 44

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in	20,000 00
Surplus fund	6,200 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	1,194 28
Individual depts subject to ck.	58,243 93
Time certificates of deposit	28,553 08
Certified checks	30 60
Cashier's checks outstanding	
Due to National Banks	
Notes and bills rediscounted	
Bills payable, including certificates of deposit representing money borrowed	
Reserved for accrued interest on certificates of deposit	403 15
Reserved for accrued taxes	150 00
Total	\$114,773 44

I, C. C. Hansel, do solemnly swear that the above is a true statement of the financial condition of the Citizens' Bank of Highland, located at Monterey, Va., at the close of business on the 4th day of Sept. 1912 to the best of my knowledge and belief.

C. C. Hansel, Cashier
Correct—Attest:
Chas. P. Jones
Byrd Stephenson
V. B. Bishop
State of Virginia
County of Highland

Sworn to and subscribed before me by C. C. Hansel, cashier this 26 day of Nov. 1912.

Edwin B. Jones, N. P.
My commission expires Aug. 27, 1914

No Man is Stronger Than His Stomach

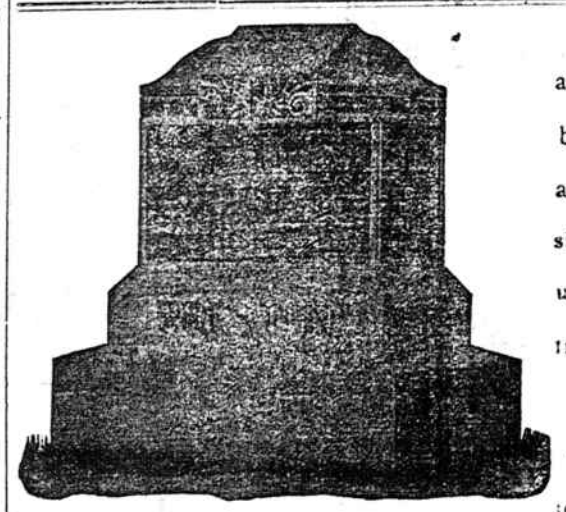
A strong man is strong all over. No man can be strong who is suffering from weak stomach with its consequent indigestion, or from some other disease of the stomach and its associated organs, which impairs digestion and nutrition. For when the stomach is weak or diseased there is a loss of the nutrition contained in food, which is the source of all physical strength. When a man "doesn't feel just right," when he doesn't sleep well, has an uncomfortable feeling in the stomach after eating, is languid, nervous, irritable and despondent, he is losing the nutrition needed to make strength.

Such a man should use Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. It enriches the blood, invigorates the liver, strengthens the kidneys, nourishes the nerves, and so GIVES HEALTH AND STRENGTH TO THE WHOLE BODY.

You can't afford to accept a secret nostrum as a substitute for this now alcoholic medicine of known composition, not even though the urgent dealer may thereby make a little bigger profit. Ingredients printed on wrapper.



YOU can save money and get better material better workmanship and a more artistic design, by buying a monument or headstone from me. If you need an iron fence, I furnish the best for the money.



W. E. SNYDER, Hightown Va., Agent
For The Hinton Marble Works

STRONG AS AN OX

Does this express the way you feel? Then life is indeed worth living.

If, however, you feel all run down and unlike yourself, perhaps weak, nervous and unable to sleep, life looks pretty gloomy. We know just what you want. We have something that will start you right about face once more for health, strength and Ambition

REXALL (Registered) BEEF, WINE & IRON

is the most unique and healthful tonic ever prescribed. It can be digested by the most delicate stomach, and its rejuvenating properties are wonderful. Yet it is not a stimulant. Rexall Beef, Wine and Iron makes rich, red blood, strong steady nerves and a clear, vigorous brain. It is the ideal food tonic—worth its weight in gold to invalids and all thin, pale people. Try it!

Wilson Bros. druggists, Staunton Va.

Established 1851 Telephone 1474 Worth

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Commission Merchant

Butter, Eggs, Poultry, Game, etc.

ROBERT J. HARRIS